108TH CONGRESS H. R. 2023

AN ACT

To give a preference regarding States that require schools to allow students to self-administer medication to treat that student's asthma or anaphylaxis, and for other purposes.

108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

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AN ACT

- To give a preference regarding States that require schools to allow students to self-administer medication to treat that student's asthma or anaphylaxis, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Asthmatic School-
- 3 children's Treatment and Health Management Act of
- 4 2004".

5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 6 The Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) Asthma is a chronic condition requiring life-
- 8 time, ongoing medical intervention.
- 9 (2) In 1980, 6,700,000 Americans had asthma.
- 10 (3) In 2001, 20,300,000 Americans had asth-
- ma; 6,300,000 children under age 18 had asthma.
- 12 (4) The prevalence of asthma among African-
- 13 American children was 40 percent greater than
- among Caucasian children, and more than 26 per-
- cent of all asthma deaths are in the African-Amer-
- ican population.
- 17 (5) In 2000, there were 1,800,000 asthma-re-
- lated visits to emergency departments (more than
- 19 728,000 of these involved children under 18 years of
- 20 age).
- 21 (6) In 2000, there were 465,000 asthma-related
- hospitalizations (214,000 of these involved children
- under 18 years of age).
- 24 (7) In 2000, 4,487 people died from asthma,
- and of these 223 were children.

- 1 (8) According to the Centers for Disease Con-2 trol and Prevention, asthma is a common cause of 3 missed school days, accounting for approximately 4 14,000,000 missed school days annually.
 - (9) According to the New England Journal of Medicine, working parents of children with asthma lose an estimated \$1,000,000,000 a year in productivity.
 - (10) At least 30 States have legislation protecting the rights of children to carry and self-administer asthma metered-dose inhalers, and at least 18 States expand this protection to epinephrine auto-injectors.
 - (11) Tragic refusals of schools to permit students to carry their inhalers and auto-injectable epinephrine have occurred, some resulting in death and spawning litigation.
 - (12) School district medication policies must be developed with the safety of all students in mind. The immediate and correct use of asthma inhalers and auto-injectable epinephrine are necessary to avoid serious respiratory complications and improve health care outcomes.
- 24 (13) No school should interfere with the pa-25 tient-physician relationship.

1	(14) Anaphylaxis, or anaphylactic shock, is a
2	systemic allergic reaction that can kill within min-
3	utes. Anaphylaxis occurs in some asthma patients.
4	According to the American Academy of Allergy,
5	Asthma, and Immunology, people who have experi-
6	enced symptoms of anaphylaxis previously are at
7	risk for subsequent reactions and should carry an
8	epinephrine auto-injector with them at all times, if
9	prescribed.
10	(15) An increasing number of students and
11	school staff have life-threatening allergies. Exposure
12	to the affecting allergen can trigger anaphylaxis. An-
13	aphylaxis requires prompt medical intervention with
14	an injection of epinephrine.
15	SEC. 3. PREFERENCE FOR STATES THAT ALLOW STUDENTS
16	TO SELF-ADMINISTER MEDICATION TO
17	TREAT ASTHMA AND ANAPHYLAXIS.
18	(a) Amendments.—Section 399L of the Public
19	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g) is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
21	section (e); and
22	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
23	lowing:

1	"(d) Preference for States That Allow Stu-
2	DENTS TO SELF-ADMINISTER MEDICATION TO TREAT
3	ASTHMA AND ANAPHYLAXIS.—
4	"(1) Preference.—The Secretary, in making
5	any grant under this section or any other grant that
6	is asthma-related (as determined by the Secretary)
7	to a State, shall give preference to any State that
8	satisfies the following:
9	"(A) In General.—The State must re-
10	quire that each public elementary school and
11	secondary school in that State will grant to any
12	student in the school an authorization for the
13	self-administration of medication to treat that
14	student's asthma or anaphylaxis, if—
15	"(i) a health care practitioner pre-
16	scribed the medication for use by the stu-
17	dent during school hours and instructed
18	the student in the correct and responsible
19	use of the medication;
20	"(ii) the student has demonstrated to
21	the health care practitioner (or such prac-
22	titioner's designee) and the school nurse (if
23	available) the skill level necessary to use
24	the medication and any device that is nec-

1	essary to administer such medication as
2	prescribed;
3	"(iii) the health care practitioner for-
4	mulates a written treatment plan for man-
5	aging asthma or anaphylaxis episodes of
6	the student and for medication use by the
7	student during school hours; and
8	"(iv) the student's parent or guardian
9	has completed and submitted to the school
10	any written documentation required by the
11	school, including the treatment plan for-
12	mulated under clause (iii) and other docu-
13	ments related to liability.
14	"(B) Scope.—An authorization granted
15	under subparagraph (A) must allow the student
16	involved to possess and use his or her
17	medication—
18	"(i) while in school;
19	"(ii) while at a school-sponsored activ-
20	ity, such as a sporting event; and
21	"(iii) in transit to or from school or
22	school-sponsored activities.
23	"(C) Duration of Authorization.—An
24	authorization granted under subparagraph
25	(A)—

1	"(i) must be effective only for the	
2	same school and school year for which it is	
3	granted; and	
4	"(ii) must be renewed by the parent	
5	or guardian each subsequent school year in	
6	accordance with this subsection.	
7	"(D) BACKUP MEDICATION.—The State	
8	must require that backup medication, if pro-	
9	vided by a student's parent or guardian, be	
10	kept at a student's school in a location to which	
11	the student has immediate access in the event	
12	of an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency.	
13	"(E) Maintenance of Information.—	
14	The State must require that information de-	
15	scribed in subparagraphs (A)(iii) and (A)(iv) be	
16	kept on file at the student's school in a location	
17	easily accessible in the event of an asthma or	
18	anaphylaxis emergency.	
19	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in	
20	this subsection creates a cause of action or in any	
21	other way increases or diminishes the liability of any	
22	person under any other law.	
23	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-	
24	section:	

- "(A) The terms 'elementary school' and 'secondary school' have the meaning given to those terms in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

 "(B) The term 'health care practitioner'
 - "(B) The term 'health care practitioner' means a person authorized under law to prescribe drugs subject to section 503(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
 - "(C) The term 'medication' means a drug as that term is defined in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and includes inhaled bronchodilators and autoinjectable epinephrine.
 - "(D) The term 'self-administration' means a student's discretionary use of his or her prescribed asthma or anaphylaxis medication, pursuant to a prescription or written direction from a health care practitioner.".
- 19 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this 20 section shall apply only with respect to grants made on 21 or after the date that is 9 months after the date of the 22 enactment of this Act.

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1	SEC. 4. SENSE OF CONGRESS COMMENDING CDC FOR ITS
2	STRATEGIES FOR ADDRESSING ASTHMA
3	WITHIN A COORDINATED SCHOOL HEALTH
4	PROGRAM.
5	The Congress—
6	(1) commends the Centers for Disease Control
7	and Prevention for identifying and creating "Strate-
8	gies for Addressing Asthma Within a Coordinated
9	School Program" for schools to address asthma; and
10	(2) encourages all schools to review these strat-
11	egies and adopt policies that will best meet the needs
12	of their student population.
	Passed the House of Representatives October 5, 2004.

Attest:

Clerk.